## IN THE CLAIMS:

1. (Currently amended) A method for partitioning a computer network end node, the method comprising:

virtualizing a plurality of network devices on a single multi-function chip by means of a combination of hardware and software to form virtual network devices; and

virtualizing at least one router on the <u>single</u> multi-function chip by means of a combination of hardware and software <u>to form a virtual router</u>, wherein the virtual router performs control-flow processing for the virtual network devices, and wherein the virtual router functions of destination lookup and packet forwarding are incurred only on control-flow processing;

wherein the virtual network devices and virtual router form a virtual subnet.

- (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the virtual network devices are host channel adapters.
- (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the virtual network devices are target channel adapters.
- 4. (Original) The method according to claim 1, further comprising assigning unique identifiers to the virtual network devices.
- 5. (Currently amended) The method according to claim 1, further comprising virtualizing a plurality of subnets on the <u>single</u> multi-function chip by means of software.
- 6. (Original) The method according to claim 1, further comprising registering the virtual subnet with a physical subnet.
- 7. (Currently amended) The method according to claim 6, wherein the physical subnet perceives the <u>single</u> multi-function chip as only a single router with multiple [[HCAs]] <u>Host Channel Adapters</u> residing behind it.

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- 8. (Original) The method according to claim 6, wherein nodes in the physical subnet communicate with the virtual subnet through the virtual router.
- 9. (Currently amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein the <u>single</u> multifunction chip provides resource configuration and allocation interface that allow software, firmware and hardware state machines to set an operating policy for the virtual <u>network</u> devices.
- 10. (Currently amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein the <u>single</u> multifunction chip provides standard device functions directly to the virtual <u>network</u> devices by means of physical queue pairs even though those devices logically reside behind a virtual router.
- 11. (Currently amended) A computer program product in a computer readable medium for use in a data processing system, for partitioning a computer network end node, the computer program product comprising:

instructions virtualizing a plurality of network devices on a single multi-function chip to form virtual network devices; and

instructions for virtualizing at least one router on the <u>single</u> multi-function chip <u>to</u> form a virtual router, wherein the virtual router performs control-flow processing for the virtual network devices, and wherein the virtual router functions of destination lookup and packet forwarding are incurred only on control-flow processing;

wherein the virtual network devices and virtual router form a virtual subnet.

- 12. (Original) The computer program product according to claim 11, wherein the virtual network devices are host channel adapters.
- 13. (Original) The computer program product according to claim 11, wherein the virtual network devices are target channel adapters.

- 14. (Original) The computer program product according to claim 11, further comprising instructions for assigning unique identifiers to the virtual network devices.
- 15. (Currently amended) The computer program product according to claim [[1]] 11, further comprising instructions for virtualizing a plurality of subnets on the single multifunction chip by means of software.
- 16. (Original) The computer program product according to claim 11, further comprising instructions for registering the virtual subnet with a physical subnet.
- 17. (Currently amended) The computer program product according to claim 16, wherein the physical subnet perceives the <u>single</u> multi-function chip as only a single router with multiple [[HCAs]] <u>Host Channel Adapters</u> residing behind it.
- 18. (Original) The computer program product according to claim 16, wherein nodes in the physical subnet communicate with the virtual subnet through the virtual router.
- 19. (Currently amended) A system for partitioning a computer network end node, the system comprising:
- a first virtualizing component which virtualizes a plurality of network devices on a single multi-function chip to form virtual network devices; and
- a second virtualizing component which virtualizes at least one router on the <u>single</u> multi-function chip to form a virtual router, wherein the virtual router performs control-flow processing for the virtual network devices, and wherein the virtual router functions of destination lookup and packet forwarding are incurred only on control-flow processing;

wherein the virtual network devices and virtual router form a virtual subnet.